

# Diet Optimization

This application finds the least-cost diet that fulfills a specific set of nutritional requirements. It has a default basket of foods (with an associated set of nutritional data), but foods can be added or removed, with changes remembered from prior saved sessions.

[Stigler](#) studied this problem heuristically in the 1940s, but only the development of modern optimization algorithms gave relatively quick accurate solutions. The linear programming techniques implemented in this application are now widely used to create practical diet plans from accepted nutritional guidelines.

**STEP 1: Add, Modify or Remove Foods**

If you want to add a custom food, then specify its name, nutritional contents and cost, and click "Add or Update". Any non-positive numbers will be ignored. You can get nutritional data from <http://www.nutritiondata.com>.

Select Food:

Name	Serving Size	Calories /kCal	Fat /g	Current List of Foods
<input type="text" value="Donut"/>	<input type="text" value="60g"/>	<input type="text" value="239"/>	<input type="text" value="11"/>	<div style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 5px; font-family: monospace;">           Chicken, roa            Blueberries,            Spinach, boile            Banana, raw            Milk 1%, add         </div>
Saturated Fat /g	Trans Fat /g	Cholesterol /mg	Sodium /mg	
<input type="text" value="3"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="18"/>	<input type="text" value="232"/>	
Carbs /g	Fibre /g	Sugar /g	Protein /g	
<input type="text" value="30"/>	<input type="text" value="1"/>	<input type="text" value="12"/>	<input type="text" value="4"/>	<input type="text" value=".85"/>
Vitamin A /IU	Vitamin C /mg	Calcium /mg	Iron /mg	Limit to whole portions?
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>



### STEP 2: Nutritional Constraints in Optimized Diet

Leave blank for no specific lower or upper bound.

	Greater Than	Less Than		Greater Than	Less Than
Calories /kCal	<input type="text" value="1900"/>	<input type="text" value="2200"/>	Fibre /g	<input type="text" value="20"/>	<input type="text" value="60"/>
Fat /g	<input type="text" value="30"/>	<input type="text" value="75"/>	Sugar /g	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text" value="50"/>
Saturated Fat /g	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text" value="25"/>	Protein /g	<input type="text" value="50"/>	<input type="text" value="160"/>
Trans Fat /g	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text" value="2"/>	Vitamin A /IU	<input type="text" value="3000"/>	<input type="text" value="7000"/>
Cholesterol /mg	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text" value="300"/>	Vitamin C /mg	<input type="text" value="300"/>	<input type="text"/>
Sodium /mg	<input type="text" value="1500"/>	<input type="text" value="2300"/>	Calcium /mf	<input type="text" value="1000"/>	<input type="text"/>
Carbohydrates /mg	<input type="text" value="50"/>	<input type="text" value="300"/>	Iron /mg	<input type="text" value="18"/>	<input type="text" value="40"/>

### STEP 3: Optimum Least-Cost Diet

Click "Optimize Diet!".

Food Portions in Optimized Diet

Optimum Cost and Nutrition Data

"Donut"	0.
"Bagel, Oat Bran"	3.0
"Yogurt,fruit,non fat"	0.
"Chili"	0.
"Broccoli,boiled,no salt"	1.0
"Apple"	0.
"Oats,instant,dry"	2.0
"Orange,raw,navel"	1.0
"Lentils,cooked,no salt"	3.5
"Carrots, baby raw"	0.
"Brussel sprout, cooked"	2.4
"Chicken, roast, no skin"	2.1
"Blueberries, raw"	0.
"Spinach,boiled, no salt"	0.
"Banana, raw"	0.
"Milk 1%, added vit A"	1.8

"Cost"	"\$ 10.65"
"Calories"	"1900.0 kCal"
"Fat"	"30.0 g"
"Saturated Fat"	"9.7 g"
"Trans Fat"	"0. g"
"Cholesterol"	"237.1 mg"
"Sodium"	"1519.4 mg"
"Carbohydrates"	"263.9 g"
"Fibre"	"53.1 g"
"Sugar"	"50.0 g"
"Protein"	"152.6 g"
"Vitamin A"	"7000.0 IU"
"Vitamin C"	"300.0 mg"
"Calcium"	"1000.0 mg"
"Iron"	"40.0 mg"